The law protects victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, including any household members, from being evicted or denied housing assistance if an incident of violence is reported and confirmed. Per the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), criminal activity directly relating to domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking engaged in by a member of a tenant’s household or any guest or other person under the tenant’s control, shall not be cause for denial of occupancy to Rollins Martin Apartments if the tenant or an immediate member of the tenant’s family is the victim or threatened victim of that abuse. Please note that nothing in the VAWA limits TSAHC’s authority at Rollins Martin to deny admission to, or evict from, or terminate the assistance of any applicant, tenant, or lawful occupant if Rollins Martin Apartments can demonstrate an actual and imminent threat to other tenants or those employed at or providing service to the property.

A domestic violence victim may provide to management (1) a federal, state, tribal, territorial, or local police record or court record; or (2) documentation signed and attested to by an employee, agent or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney, or a medical professional, from whom the victim has sought assistance in addressing domestic violence, dating violence or stalking, or the effects of abuse, in which the professional attests under penalty of perjury to the professional’s belief that the incident(s) in question are bona fide incidents of abuse, and the victim of domestic violence or stalking has signed or attested to the documentation. Rollins Martin Apartments, as its discretion, may provide assistance to the individual based solely upon the individual’s statement or other corroborating evidence.

VAWA Forms are available in the Management Office for both applicant and current tenants.

1) Form 5380 (Notice of Occupancy Rights under the Violence Against Women Act)

2) Form 5382 (Certification of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence Sexual Assault, or Stalking and Alternative Documentation)
To all Tenants and Applicants

The Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) provides protections for persons that have been subject to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. VAWA protections are available equally to all individuals regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation. The Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs is the State agency that oversees (please circle the covered program) the Housing Tax Credit, HOME Multifamily, HOME Tenant Based Rental Assistance, Tax Credit Assistance Program-Repayment Funds, National Housing Trust Fund, Emergency Solutions Grant, Section 811 Project Rental Assistance Program, and the Housing Choice Voucher Program “covered program”. This notice explains your rights under VAWA. A U.S. Department of Housing (“HUD”) approved certification form is attached to this notice. You can fill out this form to show that you are or have been subject to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and that you wish to use your rights under VAWA.

1 Despite the name of this law, VAWA protection is available regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.
2 The VAWA statute uses the term victims to describe those with VAWA protections, but the Department herein refers to this class of persons as subject to protections under VAWA.
3 Housing providers in the covered programs cannot discriminate on the basis of any protected characteristic, including race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status, disability, or age. HUD-assisted and HUD-insured housing must be made available to all otherwise eligible individuals regardless of actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, or marital status.
Protections for Applicants

If you otherwise qualify for assistance under a covered program listed above, you cannot be denied admission or denied assistance because you are or have been subject to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Protections for Tenants

If you are receiving assistance under the covered program, you may not be denied assistance, terminated from participation, or be evicted from your rental housing because you are or have been subject to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Also, if you or an affiliated individual of yours is or has been subject to of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking by a member of your household or any guest, you may not be denied rental assistance or occupancy rights under the covered program solely on the basis of criminal activity directly relating to that domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Affiliated individual means your spouse, parent, brother, sister, or child, or a person to whom you stand in the place of a parent or guardian (for example, the affiliated individual is in your care, custody, or control); or any individual, tenant, or lawful occupant living in your household.

Removing the Abuser or Perpetrator from the Household

The Housing Provider (“HP”) may divide (bifurcate) your lease in order to evict the individual or terminate the assistance of the individual who has engaged in criminal activity (the abuser or perpetrator) directly relating to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

If HP chooses to remove the abuser or perpetrator, HP may not take away the rights of eligible tenants to the unit or otherwise punish the remaining tenants. If the evicted abuser or perpetrator
was the sole tenant to have established eligibility for assistance under the program, HP must
allow the tenant who is or has VAWA protections and other household members to remain in the
unit for a period of time, in order to establish eligibility under the program or under another
HUD housing program covered by VAWA, or, find alternative housing.

In removing the abuser or perpetrator from the household, HP must follow Federal, State, and
local eviction procedures. In order to divide a lease, HP may, but is not required to, ask you for
documentation or certification of the incidences of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual
assault, or stalking (such as HUD’s self-certification form 5382).

**Moving to Another Unit**

Upon your request, HP may permit you to move to another unit, subject to the availability of
other units, and still keep your assistance. In order to approve a request, HP may ask you to
provide documentation that you are requesting to move because of an incidence of domestic
violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. If the request is a request for emergency
transfer, the housing provider may ask you to submit a written request or fill out a form where
you certify that you meet the criteria for an emergency transfer under VAWA. The criteria are:

1. **You are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or
   stalking.** If your housing provider does not already have documentation that you
   have been subject to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or
   stalking, your housing provider may ask you for such documentation, as described
   in the documentation section below.

2. **You expressly request the emergency transfer.** Your housing provider may
   choose to require that you submit a form, or may accept another written or oral
   request.
(3) You reasonably believe you are threatened with imminent harm from further violence if you remain in your current unit. This means you have a reason to fear that if you do not receive a transfer you would suffer violence in the very near future.

OR

You have been subject to sexual assault and the assault occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period before you request a transfer. If you have been subject to sexual assault, then in addition to qualifying for an emergency transfer because you reasonably believe you are threatened with imminent harm from further violence if you remain in your unit, you may qualify for an emergency transfer if the sexual assault occurred on the premises of the property from which you are seeking your transfer, and that assault happened within the 90-calendar-day period before you expressly request the transfer.

HP will keep confidential requests for emergency transfers by victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and work to ensure the confidentiality of the location of any move by such victims and their families.

HP’s emergency transfer plan provides further information on emergency transfers, and HP must make a copy of its emergency transfer plan available to you if you ask to see it.

Documenting You Are or Have Been a Victim of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault or Stalking

HP can, but is not required to, ask you to provide documentation to “certify” that you are or have been subject to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Such request from HP must be in writing, and HP must give you at least 14 business days (Saturdays, Sundays, and Federal holidays do not count) from the day you receive the request to provide the
documentation. HP may, but does not have to, extend the deadline for the submission of documentation upon your request.

You can provide one of the following to HP as documentation. It is your choice which of the following to submit if HP asks you to provide documentation that you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

- A complete HUD-approved certification form (HUD form 5382) given to you by HP with this notice, that documents an incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. The form will ask for your name, the date, time, and location of the incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and a description of the incident. The certification form provides for including the name of the abuser or perpetrator if the name of the abuser or perpetrator is known and is safe to provide.

- A record of a Federal, State, tribal, territorial, or local law enforcement agency, court, or administrative agency that documents the incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Examples of such records include police reports, protective orders, and restraining orders, among others.

- A statement, which you must sign, along with the signature of an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney, a medical professional or a mental health professional (collectively, “professional”) from whom you sought assistance in addressing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, or the effects of abuse, and with the professional selected by you attesting under penalty of perjury that he or she believes that the incident or incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking are grounds for protection.

- Any other statement or evidence that HP has agreed to accept.
If you fail or refuse to provide one of these documents within the 14 business days, HP does not have to provide you with the protections contained in this notice.

If HP receives conflicting evidence that an incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking has been committed (such as certification forms from two or more members of a household each claiming to be a victim and naming one or more of the other petitioning household members as the abuser or perpetrator), HP has the right to request that you provide third-party documentation within thirty 30 calendar days in order to resolve the conflict. If you fail or refuse to provide third-party documentation where there is conflicting evidence, HP does not have to provide you with the protections contained in this notice.

**Confidentiality**

HP must keep confidential any information you provide related to the exercise of your rights under VAWA, including the fact that you are exercising your rights under VAWA.

HP must not allow any individual administering assistance or other services on behalf of HP (for example, employees and contractors) to have access to confidential information unless for reasons that specifically call for these individuals to have access to this information under applicable Federal, State, or local law.

HP must not enter your information into any shared database or disclose your information to any other entity or individual. HP, however, may disclose the information provided if:

- You give written permission to HP to release the information on a time limited basis.
- HP needs to use the information in an eviction or termination proceeding, such as to evict your abuser or perpetrator or terminate your abuser or perpetrator from assistance under this program.
A law requires HP or your landlord to release the information.

VAWA does not limit HP’s duty to honor court orders about access to or control of the property. This includes orders issued to protect a victim and orders dividing property among household members in cases where a family breaks up.

**Reasons a Tenant Eligible for Occupancy Rights under VAWA May Be Evicted or Assistance May Be Terminated**

You can be evicted and your assistance can be terminated for serious or repeated lease violations that are not related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking committed against you. However, HP cannot hold tenants who have been subject to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to a more demanding set of rules than it applies to tenants who have not been subject to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

The protections described in this notice might not apply, and you could be evicted and your assistance terminated, if HP can demonstrate that not evicting you or terminating your assistance would present a real physical danger that:

1) Would occur within an immediate time frame, and
2) Could result in death or serious bodily harm to other tenants or those who work on the property.

If HP can demonstrate the above, HP should only terminate your assistance or evict you if there are no other actions that could be taken to reduce or eliminate the threat.

**Other Laws**

VAWA does not replace any Federal, State, or local law that provides greater protection for persons subject to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. You may be
entitled to additional housing protections for persons subject to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking under other Federal laws, as well as under State and local laws.

**Non-Compliance with the Requirements of This Notice**

You may report a covered housing provider’s violations of these rights and seek additional assistance, if needed, by contacting or filing a complaint with TDHCA at

https://www.tdhca.state.tx.us/complaint.htm or 800-525-0657 or 817-978-5600 the HUD Fort Worth regional office, (800) -669-9777, (TTY 817-978-5595).

**For Additional Information**

You may view a copy of HUD’s final VAWA rule at:


Additionally, HP must make a copy of HUD’s VAWA regulations available to you if you ask to see them.

For questions regarding VAWA, and/or if you need to move due to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking please contact the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs at 512-475-3800 or 800-475-3800 (Relay Texas 800-735-2989) for assistance in locating other available housing (note, this is not a domestic violence hotline. Depending on your location, the Department may also have a listing of local service providers and advocates who can help you move to a safe and available unit. For more information regarding housing and other laws that may protect or provide additional options for survivors, call the Texas Council on Family Violence Policy Team at: 1-800-525-1978.
Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault and Stalking Resources

To speak with an advocate and receive confidential support, information and referrals regarding domestic violence 24 hours a day, every day, contact the National Domestic Violence Hotline at 1-800-799-7233 or, for persons with hearing impairments, 1-800-787-3224 (TTY). You may also visit the Texas Council on Family Violence website for a listing or local domestic violence services providers: http://tcfv.org/service-directory/?wpbdp_view=all_listings.

For confidential support services and referral to a local sexual assault crisis center 24 hours a day, every day, contact RAINN: Rape, Abuse, & Incest National Network: Hotline: 1-800-656-HOPE. You may also visit the Texas Association Against Sexual Assault to find local crisis centers: http://taasa.org/crisis-center-locator/.

For information regarding stalking visit the National Center for Victims of Crime’s Stalking Resource Center at https://www.victimsofcrime.org/our-programs/stalking-resource-center.

Victims of a variety of crimes may find referrals by contacting the Victim Connect Resource Center, a project of the NCVC, through calling Victim Connect Helpline: 855-4-VICTIM (855-484-2846) or searching for local providers at http://victimconnect.org/get-help/connect-directory/.

Legal Resources

TexasLawHelp.org
www.texaslawhelp.org

TexasLawHelp.org is a website that provides free, reliable legal information on a variety of topics such as; family law, consumer protection and debt relief, health and benefits, employment law, housing, wills and life planning, and immigration. The website offers interactive and downloadable legal forms, self-help tools and videos on legal issues, and can assist in locating local free legal services.
Texas Advocacy Project, A VOICE
1.888. 343.4414
Advocates for Victims of Crime (A VOICE), a project of Texas Legal Services Center, provides free direct legal representation and referrals to victims of violent crime, and providing education about crime victim’s rights and assistance with Crime Victims Compensation applications. Note: callers will most likely leave a message and their call will be returned by an attorney.

Legal Aid for Survivors of Sexual Assault (LASSA)
1-844-303-SAFE (7233)
The LASSA Hotline is answered by attorneys seven days a week. The Hotline attorneys provide sexual assault survivors with legal information and advice about legal issues that may arise following a sexual assault including crime victim’s rights, housing, and safety planning.

Family Violence Legal Line
800-374-HOPE
Texas Advocacy Project. Offers the HOPE Line, Monday -Friday 9am-5pm, staffed by attorneys can help you with a variety of legal concerns related to domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking.

Attachment: Certification form HUD-5382.
Purpose of Form: The Violence Against Women Act (“VAWA”) protects applicants, tenants, and program participants in certain HUD programs from being evicted, denied housing assistance, or terminated from housing assistance based on acts of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking against them. Despite the name of this law, VAWA protection is available to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.

Use of This Optional Form: If you are seeking VAWA protections from your housing provider, your housing provider may give you a written request that asks you to submit documentation about the incident or incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

In response to this request, you or someone on your behalf may complete this optional form and submit it to your housing provider, or you may submit one of the following types of third-party documentation:

(1) A document signed by you and an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney, or medical professional, or a mental health professional (collectively, “professional”) from whom you have sought assistance relating to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, or the effects of abuse. The document must specify, under penalty of perjury, that the professional believes the incident or incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking occurred and meet the definition of “domestic violence,” “dating violence,” “sexual assault,” or “stalking” in HUD’s regulations at 24 CFR 5.2003.

(2) A record of a Federal, State, tribal, territorial or local law enforcement agency, court, or administrative agency; or

(3) At the discretion of the housing provider, a statement or other evidence provided by the applicant or tenant.

Submission of Documentation: The time period to submit documentation is 14 business days from the date that you receive a written request from your housing provider asking that you provide documentation of the occurrence of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Your housing provider may, but is not required to, extend the time period to submit the documentation, if you request an extension of the time period. If the requested information is not received within 14 business days of when you received the request for the documentation, or any extension of the date provided by your housing provider, your housing provider does not need to grant you any of the VAWA protections. Distribution or issuance of this form does not serve as a written request for certification.

Confidentiality: All information provided to your housing provider concerning the incident(s) of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking shall be kept confidential and such details shall not be entered into any shared database. Employees of your housing provider are not to have access to these details unless to grant or deny VAWA protections to you, and such employees may not disclose this information to any other entity or individual, except to the extent that disclosure is: (i) consented to by you in writing in a time-limited release; (ii) required for use in an eviction proceeding or hearing regarding termination of assistance; or (iii) otherwise required by applicable law.
TO BE COMPLETED BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING

1. Date the written request is received by victim: ____________________________________________

2. Name of victim:  ______________________________________________________________________

3. Your name (if different from victim’s): ____________________________________________________

4. Name(s) of other family member(s) listed on the lease: ______________________________________

5. Residence of victim:  __________________________________________________________________

6. Name of the accused perpetrator (if known and can be safely disclosed): ______________________

7. Relationship of the accused perpetrator to the victim: ______________________________________

8. Date(s) and times(s) of incident(s) (if known): ____________________________________________

9. Location of incident(s): ________________________________________________________________

In your own words, briefly describe the incident(s):
______________________________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________________________

This is to certify that the information provided on this form is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and recollection, and that the individual named above in Item 2 is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. I acknowledge that submission of false information could jeopardize program eligibility and could be the basis for denial of admission, termination of assistance, or eviction.

Signature ___________________________ Signed on (Date) ______________________________

Public Reporting Burden: The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response. This includes the time for collecting, reviewing, and reporting the data. The information provided is to be used by the housing provider to request certification that the applicant or tenant is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. The information is subject to the confidentiality requirements of VAWA. This agency may not collect this information, and you are not required to complete this form, unless it displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget control number.